## MANGROVE VEGETATION STRUCTURE AND ANALYSIS: A CASE FOR SUNGAI CHUKAI, KEMAMAN, TERENGGANU, EAST COAST OF PENINSULAR MALAYSIA

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# MANGROVE VEGETATION STRUCTURE AND ANALYSIS: A CASE FOR SUNGAI CHUKAI, KEMAMAN, TERENGGANU, EAST COAST OF PENINSULAR MALAYSIA

By

Farhana Binti Othman

Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science in Marine Science

Department of Marine Science
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## DECLARATION AND VERIFICATION REPORT

#### FINAL YEAR RESEARCH PROJECT

It is hereby declared and verified that this research report entitled:

Mangrove Vegetation Structure and Analysis: A Case for Sungai Chukai, Kemaman, Terengganu, East Coast of Peninsular Malaysia by Farhana Othman, UK15999 have been examined and all errors identified have been corrected. This report is submitted to the Department of Marine Science as partial fulfillment towards obtaining the Degree of Bachelor of Science in Marine Science, Faculty of Maritime Studies and Marine Science, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu.

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

			Page
ABST	<b>TRACT</b>	Γ	ix
1.0	INTF	RODUCTION	
1.1	Studies on Mangrove Vegetation Structure		1
1.2	Significance of the Study		2
1.3	Objec	tives	2
2.0	LITE	ERATURE REVIEW	
2.1	Mangrove		3
2.2	Vegetation Structure Analysis		4
3.0	MET	THODOLOGY	
	3.1	Study Area	5
	3.3	Sampling and Analysis	6
	3.4	Multivariate Analysis	8
4.0:	RES	SULT	
4.1	Vegetation Structure		9
4.2	Vegetation Analysis		10
	4.2.1	Tree Density	11

	4.2.2	Basal Area	11
	4.2.3	Relative Density	12
	4.2.4	Relative Dominance	12
	4.2.5	Absolute Frequency	13
4.3	Species	s Individual Ranking	14
4.4	Species	s Grouping	15
4.5	Correla	tion Between gbh and Height of Tree	17
DISC	CUSSIO	N	
5.1	Tree D	ensity and Basal Area	18
5.2	Species Individual Ranking		20
5.3	Species Grouping		21
5.4	Correla	ation Between gbh and Height of Tree	22
CON	CLUSIO	ON	23
SUG	GESTIC	ON	24
REF	ERENC	ES	25
APP	ENDIX		
	Apper	ndix A (Mangrove species represented at Sungai Chukai)	27
	Apper	ndix B (PCQM Results)	30

## LIST OF TABLES

Tables		Page
4.1	List of species encountered in PCQM technique at each sampling site.	9
4.2.1	Tree density (nos./0.1 ha) at five mangrove stations.	11
4.2.2	Wood volume (basal area, m <sup>2</sup> /0.1ha) at five mangrove station.	11
4.2.3	Relative density (% composition)	12
4.2.4	Relative dominance (% composition)	12
4.2.5	Absolute frequency (%composition)	13
4.3	Species individual ranking based on PCQM (sum of relative density, relative dominance and absolute frequency).	14

## **LIST OF FIGURES**

Figure		Page
3.1	Study area at Sungai Kuantan mangrove area on the East Coast Peninsular Malaysia.	5
3.2	Figure shows the right way to conduct PCQM techniques	6
4.1	Species distribution from downstream to the upstream of the river. $A.officinalis B.gymnorhiza C.decandra E.agallocha L.littorea N.fruticans R.apiculata X.granatum.$	10
4.3	Dominance species ranking at each individual at station.	14
4.4a	Bray-Curtis similarity showing four groups based on tree density at Sungai Chukai, Kemaman.	15
4.4b	Bray-Curtis similarity showing four groups based on basal area at Sungai Chukai, Kemaman.	16
4.5	Correlation between gbh and tree height (means values) of total species encountered at each station.	17
5.1	Tree density and basal area distribution at Sungai Chukai, Kemaman.	18
5.2	Two zones based on the topography of Sungai Chukai, Kemaman.	20
5.3	Species grouping distribution.	21

## LIST OF SYMBOL

PCQM = Point-Centre Quarter Method

Gbh = Girth at breast height

% = percentage

## Mangrove Vegetation Structure and Analysis:

A Case for Sungai Chukai, Kemaman, Terengganu, East Coast of Peninsular Malaysia

#### ABSTRACT

A study on the mangrove vegetation structure at Sungai Chukai was conducted during 23 - 24 July 2009. Altogether, 5 stations (at 1km intervals) were chosen and reach to their nearest point with the help of a Global Positioning Systems. The Point-Centered Quarter Method (PCQM) was employed in all mangrove stations to estimate different tree structural such as stem density (nos/0.1ha), basal area (m<sup>2</sup>/0.1ha), relative density (% composition), relative dominance (% composition), absolute frequency (% composition), and species individual ranking. Mangrove plant composition was represented by eight dominant taxa i.e., Avicennia officinallis, Bruguiera gymnorhiza, Ceriops decandra, Excoecaria agallocha, Lumnitzera littorea, Nypa fruticans, Rhizophora apiculata, and Xylocarpus granatum. Based on stem density and basal area measurements, three groups association were recognized. Group-1 represented by R.apiculata, A.officinallis, B.gymnorhiza, X.granatum, L.littorea and C.decandra were abundant throughout the forest. For Group-2, and Group-3 (N. fruticans and E. agallocha) species, the similarity of this species commonly found on the inter-tidal ridge forest and river banks. Overall, the mangrove at Sungai Chukai could categorized as riverine mangrove based on their ecological distribution.

### Analisis dan Struktur Tumbuhan Paya Laut (Bakau):

Berdasarkan Perihal Sungai Chukai, Kemaman, Terengganu, Pantai Timur Semenanjung Malaysia.

#### ABSTRAK

Kajian mengenai struktur tumbuhan paya laut di Sungai Chukai (Kemaman) dilakukan pada 23 -24 Julai 2009. Keseluruhan kawasan kajian meliputi 5 stesen dan mencapai kawasan yang paling hampir dengan menggunakan Global Positioning Systems. Teknik Point-Centered Quarter Method (PCQM) digunakan untuk mendapatkan nilai analisis tumbuhan seperti kepadatana tumbuhan, kawasan liputan, peratusan kepadatan, dan turutan spesis individu. Tumbuhan bakau meliputi lapan taxa i.e., Avicennia officinallis, Bruguiera gymnorhiza, Ceriops decandra, Excoecaria agallocha, Lumnitzera littorea, Nypa fruticans, Rhizophora apiculata, dan Xylocarpus granatum. Terdapat tiga kumpulan sepsis yang dianalisis. Kumpulan pertama mengandungi R.apiculata, A.officinallis, B.gymnorhiza, X.granatum, L.littorea dan C.decandr, ianya mempunyai kepadatan spesis yang berhubung antara satu sama yang lain. Bagi kumpulan ke-dua dan ke-tiga (N. fruticans dan E. agallocha), ia dijumpai di kawasan tebing sungai dan kawasan air pasang surut. Berhubungan dengan terhadap susunan tumbuhan yang terdapat di kawasan kajian, Paya laut di Sungai Chukai dikategorikan sebagai kawasan 'riverine mangrove'.