

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

2025 RELEASE

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

c/N 5101

1100051281

LP 15 FST 5 2007



1100051281

Acoustic emission characterization of pitting corrosion in crude
oil storage tank / Nurul A'in Ahmad Latif.



PERPUSTAKAAN
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU (UMT)
21030 KUALA TERENGGANU

1100051281	

Lihat sebelah

HAK MILIK
PERPUSTAKAAN UMT

**ACOUSTIC EMISSION CHARACTERIZATION OF PITTING CORROSION IN
CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK**

By

Nurul A'in Binti Ahmad Latif

Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of
the requirement for degree of
Bachelor of Applied Sciences (Physics Electronics and Instrumentations)

Department of Physical Sciences
Faculty of Sciences and Technology
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU
2007

1100051281



UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

21030 KUALA TERENGGANU, TERENGGANU, MALAYSIA

Tel. : 09-668 4100

Faks : 09-669 6441

Laman Web : <http://www.umt.edu.my>

FAKULTI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI

JABATAN SAINS FIZIK

PENGAKUAN DAN PENGESAHAN LAPORAN PROJEK PENYELIDIKAN I DAN II

Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk:

ACOUSTIC EMISSION CHARACTERIZATION OF PITTING CORROSION IN CRUDE OIL STORAGE TANK oleh **NURUL A'IN BINTI AHMAD LATIF**, no matrik **UK10106** telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Fizik sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan Ijazah Sarjana Muda Sains Gunaan (Fizik Elektronik dan Instrumentasi), Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu.

Disahkan oleh:

.....
Penyelia Utama

Nama :

Cop Rasmi :

Tarikh:

.....
Penyelia Kedua (jika ada)

Nama :

Cop Rasmi :

Tarikh:

Ketua Jabatan Sains Fizik

Nama :

Cop Rasmi : PROF. MADYA DR. SENIN HASSAN
Ketua Jabatan
Jabatan Sains Fizik
Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi
Universiti Malaysia Terengganu
21030 Kuala Terengganu

Tarikh: 30/04/07

TABLE OF CONTENT

Item	Page
FRONT PAGE	i
FORM OF CONFIRMATION THESIS	ii
ACKNOWLEDMENT	iii
TABLE OF CONTENT	iv
LIST OF TABLES	vii
LIST OF FIGURES	viii
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ SYMBOLS	x
APPENDIX	xi
ABSTRACT	xii
ABSTRAK	xiii

CHAPTER 1 INTRODUCTION AND OBJECTIVES

1. 1 Introduction	1
1. 2 Objectives	3

CHAPTER 2	LITERATURE REVIEW	
2. 1 Acoustic Emission		4
2. 1. 1 <i>History of acoustic emission</i>		4
2. 1. 2 <i>Applications of acoustic emission</i>		4
2. 1. 3 <i>Applications of acoustic emission on detecting the corrosion</i>		6
2. 2 Corrosion		7
2. 3 Crude oil		9
2. 3. 1 <i>History of crude oil</i>		9
2. 3. 2 <i>Composition of crude oil</i>		9
2. 4 American Society for Testing Material (ASTM)		10
2. 5 Data analysis		11
2. 5. 1 <i>DiSP with AEwin</i>		11
CHAPTER 3	METHODOLOGY	
3. 1 Sample oil preparation		12
3. 1. 1 <i>Crude oil preparation</i>		12
3. 1. 2 <i>Specimen preparation</i>		12
3. 2 Data processing system		13
3. 2. 1 <i>DiSP system</i>		13
3. 2. 2 <i>System setting</i>		13
3. 3 Test method		18
3. 3. 1 <i>Electrochemical testing</i>		18
3. 3. 2 <i>Noise identify</i>		18
3. 3. 4 <i>Direct current apply</i>		20
CHAPTER 4	RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS	
4. 1 Electrochemical analysis		21
4. 2 Noise signal analysis		27
4. 2. 1 <i>Blowing test</i>		27
4. 2. 2 <i>Rubbing test</i>		31

4. 2. 2 <i>Rubbing test</i>	31
4. 2. 3 <i>Water test</i>	34
4. 3 Simulation of low voltage and low current	39
CHAPTER 5	CONCLUSIONS
5. 1 Conclusion	44
5. 2 Suggestion	46
REFERENCES	47
APPENDIX	49
CO - CURRICULUM VITAE	53

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

First of all I would like to thank **Allah S. W. T** for the blessing and the mighty strength given for me to finish my research. Besides gaining the knowledge, many of the things I learn which is useful for my future.

I wish to express my gratitude to my supervisor **Mr Azhar Bin Mohd Sinin** for the attention given for me. Thank you for the co-operation, commitment and helpness given as long as I run this research.

A millions thanks I dedicated to my co supervisor **Mr Shukri Bin Mohd** for his neat guide along the experiment done. His advice, opinions, encouragement and motivation make me strong to do this research until the end. Thank you sir for introduce me to the world name “acoustic emission”.

I am also gratitude to all lecturers and staff in Department of Physical Sciences, especially **Assoc. Professor Dr. Senin Bin Hassan** and **Mr. Mohd Razman Bin Ngah**. And also thank you to **Malaysian Institute for Nuclear Technology Research (MINT)**, Bangi.

Beside that, I am also grateful to my father and mother, **Mr. Ahmad Latif Bin Muhamad Kadri & Puan Rokiah Aziz**. Thank for the moral support given. And for my family member's **Kak yong, Hawa, Husna** and **Jenny** thank you for understanding my situation. A very special thank for my best friend, **Mr Mohd Azlan Bin Harun**. Thank for being around when I am needed. Your support was my inspiration.

My sincere gratitude is also convey to my colleagues **Nurmysita Binti Mohamed Mokhtar, Miss Siti Aishah Bt Abdullah, Miss Nor Baiyyah Binti Mohd Nor Saidi, Ina, Yuyun, Ayus, Abang Amin, Kak Faris, Shahrul** and **Shahir**. Thank you very much! And for those person who participates direct or indirectly in finishing my research.

Nurul A'in Ahmad Latif

8 Rabiulakhir 1428

26 April 2007

LIST OF TABLES

Table No.	Page
3. 1 Value of voltage applied	20
4. 1 Standard EMF Series of Metals	22
4. 2 Corrosion rate of ASTM 516 grade 70	25
4. 3 Amplitude range value for noise signals	38
4. 4 Exact range value of amplitude for noise signals	38
4. 5 Value of current and voltage	39
4. 6 Comparison between simulation signal and noise signal	43

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure No.		Page
Figure 1. 1	Basic principle of acoustic method	5
Figure 3. 1	ASTM 516 grade 70	13
Figure 3. 2	Parameter hardware of standard channel setup	14
Figure 3. 3	Parameter hardware of advanced channel setup	14
Figure 3. 4	Parameter hardware of data sets/parametric	15
Figure 3. 5	DiSP system with Aewin	15
Figure 3. 6	Commonly measured parameter of a burst-type acoustic emission signal	16
Figure 3. 7	Preamplifier of DiSP system	17
Figure 3. 8	Setup of preamplifier and sensor	17
Figure 4. 1	Graph of cyclic polarization of crude oil	23
Figure 4. 2	Schematic of cyclic polarization setup	24
Figure 4. 3	Corrosion potential curve of various locations of crude oil	26
Figure 4. 4	Graph of corrosion potential of Miri Light crude oil	26

Figure No.		Page
Figure 4. 5(a-c)	Parameter hardware of 3-D screen, 4 channel plots and activity screen for blowing test (Test 1)	27
Figure 4. 6(a-c)	Parameter hardware of 3-D screen, 4 channel plots and activity screen for blowing test (Test 2)	29
Figure 4. 7(a-c)	Parameter hardware of 3-D screen, 4 channel plots and activity screen for rubbing test (Test 1)	31
Figure 4. 8(a-c)	Parameter hardware of 3-D screen, 4 channel plots and activity screen for rubbing test (Test 2)	33
Figure 4. 9(a-c)	Parameter hardware of 3-D screen, 4 channel plots and activity screen for water test (Test 1)	34
Figure 4. 10(a-c)	Parameter hardware of 3-D screen, 4 channel plots and activity screen for water test (Test 2)	35
Figure 4. 11(a-b)	Parameter hardware of 3-D screen and activity screen of low voltage and current simulation test (Test 1)	40
Figure 4. 12(a-b)	Parameter hardware of 3-D screen and activity Screen of low voltage and current simulation test (Test 2)	41

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS/ SYMBOLS

AE	Acoustic emission
ASTM	American Society for Testing and Material
DiSP	Digital Signal Processing
dB	Decibel
EMF	Electric and magnetic field
Fe	Ferum
H ₂	Hydrogen
LAY	Layout
SCE	Saturated Calomel Electrode
UMT	Universiti Malaysia Terengganu
3-D	3 Dimension

LIST OF APPENDIX

Appendix

AEwin Windows Real Times Software

ABSTRACT

The purpose of this study is to prove that acoustic emission is the non destructive test, which useful to detect the pitting corrosion in the crude oil storage tank. However, the electrochemical analysis is done to study the corrosion rate in the crude oil of various places. The crude oil is from Dulang, Bintulu, Miri Light, Tapis and Labuan. The electrochemical study has show that the corrosion rate of ASTM 516 grade 70 exposed to each various locations of crude oil was very low. Therefore, it can be concluded that there is no significant effect of crude oil to the surface of ASTM 516 grade 70 steel as long as if there is no constituent aggressive anion present in crude oils. Simulation technique is done to prove that the acoustic emission able to detect the signal from pitting corrosion. This is done by applying the low voltage and low current on the specimen. Meanwhile, for the comparison between the acoustic emission signal and noise is done to identified and differentiate the amplitude range between them.

ABSTRAK

Kajian ini dijalankan adalah untuk membuktikan bahawa pancaran akustik merupakan satu kaedah termaju tanpa musnah yang mampu mengesan lekuk pengaratan. Walaubagaimanapun, analisis elektrokimia dijalankan untuk mengkaji kadar pengaratan yang terjadi dari sampel minyak mintah. Minyak mintah ini diperolehi dari Dulang, Bintulu, Miri Light, Tapis dan Labuan. Hasil daripada analisis elektrokimia menunjukkan bahawa kadar pengaratan ke atas specimen ASTM 516 gred 70 adalah sangat rendah. Oleh kerana itu, adalah disimpulkan bahawa tiada kesan kesinambungan oleh minyak mentah terhadap permukaan spesimen. Ini berlaku kerana tiadanya unsur agresif anion yang wujud di dalam minyak mentah. Manakala bagi membuktikan bahawa pancaran akustik mempu mengesan lekuk pengaratan, satu teknik simulasi dijalankan. Ini adalah dengan membekalkan voltan dan arus dalam jumlah yang terlalu kecil di atas permukaan spesimen. Selain itu, bagi membezakan isyarat di antara lekuk pengaratan dan hingar dari persekitaran, penelitian terhadap julat amplitud dilakukan.