

THE EFFECTS OF SALTNESS ON GROWTH AND
CARBOHYDRATE CONSUMPTION OF *Cryptococcus*
SP. IN VARIOUS CULTURES

MR DYANA BINTI ROSLIAN

FAKULTI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU
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Universiti Malaysia Terengganu

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PERPUSTAKAAN
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU (UMT)
21030 KUALA TERENGGANU

Z1030 KUALA TERENGGANU

Lihat sebelah



EFFECTS OF SALINITY ON GROWTH AND CHLOROPHYLL CONTENT OF
Cryptocoryne elliptica CULTURES

By

Nur Diyana binti Roslan

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Faculty of Science and Technology
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FAKULTI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

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Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk: **EFFECTS OF SALINITY ON GROWTH AND CHLOROPHYLL CONTENT OF *Cryptocoryne elliptica* CULTURES** oleh **NUR DIYANA BINTI ROSLAN**, no. matrik: **UK10556** telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Biologi sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan memperolehi Ijazah Sarjana Muda Sains (Sains Biologi), Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu.

Disahkan oleh: / Verified by:

Penyelia Utama / Main Supervisor

Nama: Pn. Norhayati Bt. Yusuf

NORHAYATI BINTI YUSUF
Pensyarah
Jabatan Sains Biologi
Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi
Universiti Malaysia Terengganu
21030 Kuala Terengganu.

Tarikh: 6/5/07

Penyelia Kedua (jika ada) / Co-Supervisor (if applicable)

Nama: Dr. Aziz B. Ahmad

Cop Rasmi

DR. AZIZ AHMAD

Pensyarah
Jabatan Sains Biologi
Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi
Universiti Malaysia Terengganu
21030 Kuala Terengganu.

Tarikh:

Ketua Jabatan Sains Biologi / Head, Department of Biological Sciences

Nama: Dr. Aziz B. Ahmad

Cop Rasmi:

DR. AZIZ BIN AHMAD

Ketua
Jabatan Sains Biologi
Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi
Universiti Malaysia Terengganu
21030 Kuala Terengganu

Tarikh: 6/5/2007

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	ii
LIST OF TABLES	v
LIST OF FIGURES	vi
LIST OF APPENDICES	vii
ABBREVIATIONS	viii
ABSTRACT	ix
ABSTRAK	x
CHAPTER	
1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Objectives	3
1.2 Importance of the study	3
2 LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 <i>Cryptocoryne</i>	4
2.2 Effect of salinity on plant	
2.2.1 Effect on growth	5
2.2.2 Effect on chlorophyll content	9
2.3 Salinity, oxidative stress and antioxidants	11

3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	
3.1 Plant materials	13
3.2 Medium for culture establishment	13
3.3 Preparation of treatment media	14
3.4 Determination of chlorophyll content	14
3.5 Growth measurement	15
3.6 Statistical analysis	15
4 RESULTS	
4.1 Effects of different concentration of NaCl on the chlorophyll content of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures	16
4.2.1 Length of leaf	18
4.2.2 Width of leaf	20
4.2.3 Shoot length	20
4.2.4 Root length	23
4.2.5 Fresh weight	23
4.2.6 Dry weight	23
5 DISCUSSION	27
6 CONCLUSION	31
7 REFERENCES	32
APPENDIX	40
CURICULUM VITAE	87

LIST OF FIGURES

Figures	Page
4.1 Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) at different days of treatment periods on chlorophyll content (mg/g Fwt) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures. Data are means ± standard error (n=3)	17
4.2 Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) at different days of treatment periods on leaf length (cm) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	19
4.3 Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) at different days of treatment periods on leaf width (cm) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	21
4.4 Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) at different days of treatment periods on shoot length (cm) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	22
4.5 Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) at different days of treatment periods on root length (cm) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	24
4.6 Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) at different days of treatment periods on fresh weight (g) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	25
4.7 Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) at different days of treatment periods on dry weight (g) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	26

LIST OF APPENDIX

Appendix		Page
A	Media preparation	40
B	Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) on chlorophyll content (mg/g Fwt) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> at 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 and 28 days of treatment periods. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	41
C	Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) on leaf length (cm) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> at 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 and 28 days of treatment periods. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	41
D	Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) on leaf width (cm) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> at 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 and 28 days of treatment periods. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	42
E	Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) on shoot length (cm) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> at 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 and 28 days of treatment periods. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	42
F	Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) on root length (cm) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> at 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 and 28 days of treatment periods. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	43
G	Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) on fresh weight (g) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> at 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 and 28 days of treatment periods. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	43

H	Effects of different concentrations of NaCl (mM) on dry weight (g) of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> at 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 and 28 days of treatment periods. Data are means ± standard error (n=3).	44
I	Data of statistical analysis to compare the multiple comparisons between growth and chlorophyll content of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures for 0 days of treatment periods.	45
J	Data of statistical analysis to compare the multiple comparisons between growth and chlorophyll content of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures for 1 days of treatment periods.	52
K	Data of statistical analysis to compare the multiple comparisons between growth and chlorophyll content of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures for 2 days of treatment periods.	59
L	Data of statistical analysis to compare the multiple comparisons between growth and chlorophyll content of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures for 7 days of treatment periods.	66
M	Data of statistical analysis to compare the multiple comparisons between growth and chlorophyll content of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures for 14 days of treatment periods.	73
N	Data of statistical analysis to compare the multiple comparisons between growth and chlorophyll content of <i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i> cultures for 28 days of treatment periods.	80

ABBREVIATIONS

α	Alpha
APX	Ascorbate peroxidase
BAP	6-benzylaminopurine
CAT	Catalase
cm	Centimeter
<i>C. elliptica</i>	<i>Cryptocoryne elliptica</i>
Fwt	Fresh weight
g	Gram
g/L	Gram per liter
H ₂ O ₂	Hydrogen peroxide
HCl	Hydrochloric acid
INOS	Institute of Oceanography
mg/g	Miligram per gram
ml	Milliliter
mM	Milimolar
NaCl	Natrium chloride/Sodium chloride
nm	Nanometer
NaOH	Natrium hydroxide
O ₂ ⁻	Superoxide radical
¹ O ₂	Singlet oxygen
O ₂	Oxygen
OH ⁻	Hydroxyl radical
rpm	Revolution per minutes
ROS	Reactive oxygen species
SOD	Superoxide dismutase
UMT	Universiti Malaysia Terengganu
V	Volume
w	Weight
°C	Degree Celsius
%	Percentage

ABSTRACT

To date, the application of micropropagation technology for increasing the quality and stock plants are world-wide recognition. By using tissue culture technique with correlation of *Cryptocoryne elliptica* at certain salinity, these will improve the productivity of stock plants. The objectives of this study were to determine the effect of different concentrations of NaCl on the growth and chlorophyll content of *C. elliptica* cultures. *C. elliptica* cultures were treated with different concentrations of NaCl at 0, 25, 50 and 100 mM in B5 solid medium. The growth and chlorophyll content were determined at 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 and 28 days of treatment periods. The chlorophyll content of *C. elliptica* cultures were initially reduced and longer treatment periods tend to increase the chlorophyll content. The chlorophyll content in control plants was significantly higher than the treated cultures especially at higher concentration of NaCl. Longer NaCl treatment periods significantly increased the leaf length of *C. elliptica* cultures. No significant differences were observed between treated cultures. The shoot length in control and 25 mM increased at the later stages of treatment while no significant different were observed in cultures treated with 50 and 100 mM NaCl. NaCl treatments did not significantly affect the leaf width, root length and fresh and dry weight of *C. elliptica* cultures. Results indicated that NaCl treatment did not significantly affected the growth and chlorophyll content of *C. elliptica* cultures.

KESAN SALINITI TERHADAP PERTUMBUHAN DAN KANDUNGAN KLOROFIL DALAM KULTUR *Cryptocoryne* *elliptica*

ABSTRAK

Kini, aplikasi teknologi mikropropagasi ialah untuk meningkatkan kualiti dan jumlah pokok mendapat pengiktirafan sedunia. Dengan menggunakan teknik kultur tisu dan perkaitan *Cryptocoryne elliptica* pada saliniti tertentu, ia akan meningkatkan produktiviti pokok. Objektif kajian ini ialah untuk menentukan kesan kepekatan NaCl yang berbeza terhadap pertumbuhan dan kandungan klorofil kultur *C. elliptica*. Kultur *C. elliptica* telah dirawat dengan kepekatan NaCl yang berbeza pada 0 mM, 25 mM, 50 mM dan 100 mM di dalam media B5. Pertumbuhan dan kandungan klorofil ditentukan setiap 0, 1, 2, 7, 14 dan 28 hari rawatan. Kandungan klorofil dalam *C. elliptica* pada permulaannya menurun dan rawatan yang berpanjangan meningkatkan kandungan klorofil. Kandungan klorofil dalam kawalan adalah lebih tinggi berbanding kultur rawatan terutamanya pada kepekatan NaCl yang tinggi. Peningkatan masa rawatan NaCl meningkatkan panjang daun kultur *C. elliptica*. Tiada perbezaan yang jelas dilihat di antara kultur yang dirawat. Panjang batang dalam kawalan dan 25 mM meningkat pada peringkat rawatan yang seterusnya sementara tiada perbezaan yang ketara dilihat dalam kultur rawatan pada kepekatan NaCl 50 mM dan 100 mM. Rawatan NaCl tidak memberi kesan yang ketara kepada lebar daun, panjang akar dan juga berat basah dan kering bagi kultur *C. elliptica*. Keputusan menunjukkan bahawa rawatan NaCl tidak memberi kesan yang ketara kepada pertumbuhan dan kandungan klorofil kultur *C. elliptica*.