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MAJOR ELEMENTS AND OXIDES IN SEDIMENTS OF JOHOR COASTS (SOUTH CHINA SEA)

By

Chung Mei Kim

Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science (Marine Science)

Department of Marine Science Faculty of Science and Technology COLLAGE UNIVERSITY SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY MALAYSIA 2006

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DEDICATED TO:

MY DEAREST FATHER, MOTHER AND FAMILY. THANKS FOR YOUR ENCOURAGEMENT AND SUPPORT.

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Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk:

Kajian Perkaitan Major Elements and Oxides in Sediments of Johor Coasts (South China Sea) oleh Chung Mei Kim, No. Matrik: UK 7771 telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Samudera sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan memperolehi Ijazah Sarjana Muda Sains - Sains Samudera, Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS / SYMBOLS

percentage	
degree Celcius	
phi	
liter	
mililiter	
micrometer	
centimeter	
milimeter	
gram	
Normality	
mol	
quartz	
opaque material	
silicon	
aluminium	
oxygen	
calcium	
potassium	
magnesium	
iron	
sodium	
chlorine	
	degree CelciusphilitermilitermililitermicrometercentimetergramNormalitymolquartzopaque materialsiliconaluminiumoxygencalciumpotassiummagnesiumironsodium

Mn	manganese
SiO ₂	Silicon oxide
Al ₂ O ₃	Aluminium oxide
FeO	Iron oxide
CaO	Calcium oxide
Na ₂ O	Sodium oxide
MgO	Magnesium oxide
K ₂ O	Potassium oxide
NaHCO ₃	Sodium Bicarbonate
HCI	Hydrochloric Acid
H_2O_2	Hydrogen Peroxide
MgCl ₂	Magnesium Chlorite
AV	average
SD	standard deviation
>	more than
<	less than
SEM-EDS	Scanning Electron Microscope & Energy Dispersive Specroscopy

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ABSTRCT

Twenty sediments samples were collected from the Johor coastal areas (South China Sea). The sediments were analyzed to determine the major elements, oxides and sediment texture in the study area. The major elements and oxides were analyzed using the Scanning Electron Microscope and Energy Dispersive Spectroscopy (SEM-EDS) while the texture was determined using the hydrometer method. In general, the dominant elements found in the sediments of the study area are Si, Al and Fe and the oxide is SiO₂ which indicates that the area is highly siliceous (SiO₂). The dominance of quartz might be due to the weathering products of granite, which is the dominant rock found along the coastal area of East Coast of Peninsular Malaysia. Al₂O₃ and FeO are the next most abundant major oxide components after SiO₂ which indicates that feldspar and iron minerals are the common minerals found in sediments of the study area. MgO and K₂O are the minor oxides in sediments. In addition, the SiO2 / Al2O3 ratio indicates that quartz and feldspar are present in roughly equal abundances in the sediments while the range of SiO₂/CaO ratios indicates that quartz has a much greater abundance than calcium carbonate in sediments of study area. For the texture analysis, sandy clay loam covers almost 70% in the study area. It clearly showed that the study area was mainly covered by sandy sediment. Clay texture was only found in station 30 which is located offshore.

ABSTRAK

Sebanyak dua puluh sampel telah diambil semasa penyempalan, dimana ia telah dijalankan di persisiran pantai Johor (Laut China Selatan). Sampel sedimen telah dilakukan analisis untuk mengkaji komposisi elemen dan oxida serta juga tekstur sedimen untuk sedimen persisiran pantai Johor (Laut China Selatan). Alat Scanning Electron Microscope dan Energy Dispersive Spectroscopy (SEM-EDS) telah digunakan untuk menganalisis komposisi dan oxida sedimen manakala bagi tekstur sedimen, kaedah hyrometer telah digunakan. Secara umumnya, Si, Al dan Fe adalah dominan dalam sedimen kawasan kajian dan silika oxida (SiO₂) yang tinggi menunjukkan kawasan kajian adalah sangat siliceous. Kuarza adalah dominan di kawasan kajian. Kawasan kajian ini didominasi oleh kuarza adalah disebabkan hasilan produk daripada granite akibat proses luluhawa, dimana batu granite adalah dijumpai mendominasi di sepanjang persisiran pantai timur Semenanjung Malaysia. Al₂O₃ dan FeO adalah dominan oxida selepas SiO₂ yang menunjukkan feldspar dan Fe mineral adalah mineral yang biasa didapati dalam sedimen di kawasan kajian. MgO dan K₂O wujud sebagai minor oxida dalam sedimen. Tambahan pula, nisbah bagi SiO₂ / Al₂O₃ menunjukkan kuarza dan feldspar wujud dalam peratus yang agak sama dalam sedimen di kawasan kajian manakala nisbah bagi SiO₂ / CaO pula menunjukkan lebih banyak kuarza daripada kalsium karbonat dalam sedimen di kawasan kajian. Bagi analisis tekstur pula, sandy clay loam adalah dominan tekstur kelas yang merangkumi 70% kawasan kajian.. Ini dengan jelas menunjukkan kawasan kajian adalah didominasikan oleh sedimen pasir. Namun begitu, tekstur berliat hanya dijumpai di stesen 30 di kawasan luar pantai.