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Reproductive behaviour of the oceanic spotted seahorse (hippocampus kuda) in captivity / Loo Pei Chek.

PERPUSTAKAAN

KOLEJ UNIVERSITI SÁINS & TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA 21030 KUALA TERENGGANU

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REPRODUCTIVE BEHAVIOUR OF THE OCEANIC SPOTTED SEAHORSE

Hippocampus kuda IN CAPTIVITY

By

Loo Pei Chek

Research report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science (Marine Biology)

> Department of Marine Sciences Faculty of Science and Technology

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KOLEJ UNIVERSITI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA (KUSTEM)

Mengabang Telipot 21030 Kuala Terengganu

PENGAKUAN DAN PENGESAHAN LAPORAN PROJEK PENYELIDIKAN I DAN II

Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk:

Reproductive behaviour of the oceanic spotted seahorse, *Hippocampus kuda* in captivity oleh Loo Pei Chek, UK 6756 telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Samudera sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan memperolehi Ijazah Sariana Muda Sains (Biologi Marin), Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia.

Disahkan oleh:

Penyelia Utama

Nama:

LIEW HOCK CHARK

Nama: Fakulti Seins den Teknologi
Cop Rasmi: Kolej Universiti Seine den Teknologi Malsysia

(KUSTEM)

21030 Knale Terengum MALAYSIA

Tarikh: 31 3 05

Ketua Jabatan Sains Samudera

Nama:

DR. AHMAD SHAMSUDDIN B. AHMAD

Cop rasmi:

Ketua Jabatan Sams Samudera

Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia

2103 Kuala Terengganu

Tarikh: 31/3/05

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

CON	TENTS		PAGE
TITL	E PAG	E	i
APPF	ROVAL	FORM	ii
ACK	NOWL	EDGEMENTS	111
TAB	LE OF	CONTENTS	iv
LIST	OF TA	ABLE	vii
LIST	OF FI	GURES	viii
LIST	OF AI	BBREVIATIONS	ix
LIST	OF AI	PPENDICES	X
ABSTRACT		xî	
ABS	TRAK		xii
1.0 I	NTROI	DUCTION	1
	1.1	Objectives	3
	1.2	Oceanic Spotted Seahorse, Hippocampus Kuda	3
2.0 L	ITER!	ATURE REVIEW	4
	2.1	Taxonomy and Biology of Seahorse, H.Kuda	5
ž	2.2	Morning Greetings	7
	2.3	Courtship Behaviour	9
	2.4	Mating	10

5.U M	.U METHODOLOGY		1 1
	3.1	Seahorses and Observation	11
		3.1.1 Greeting and Courtship Behaviour	11
		3.1.2 Fidelity	12
	3.2	Measurements of Seahorses	12
	3.3	Maintenance	13
	3.4	Feeding	14
	3.5	Data Analysis and Terminology	14
	3.6	Data Collection Sheet	17
4.0 RESULTS			19
	4.1	Behaviour Observation	19
	4.2	Sizes of Seahorses	21
	4.3	Pairing of Seahorses	21
	4.4	Greeting	22
	4.5	Courtship Phases and Behaviour	27
	4.6	Other Observations	32
		4.6.1 Disease	32
		4.6.2 Fidelity	32

5.0 DISCUSSION		SION	34
	5.1	Pairing of Seahorses	34
	5.2	Sizes of Seahorses	35
	5.3	Greetings and Courtship	36
6.0 C	ONCLU	USION	41
7.0 REFERENCES		42	
APPE	ENDIC	ES	46
CURRICULUM VITAE		58	

LIST OF TABLE

TABLE		
4.1	Summary of mean values for greetings time (min), frequency of	23
	greetings and time spent in the three phases in courtship (min)	
	from the three pairs of seahorses throughout the observation period.	

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGU	FIGURE	
1.1	Female seahorse.	3
1.2	Male seahorse with a pouch.	3
3.1	Aquarium covered with green coloured paper where a pair of seahorses was holding at the artificial holdfast.	13
4.1	Male's tail grasped female's tail in greeting by turning yellow.	20
4.2	Male and female seahorses in circling position during greetings at the bottom of aquarium where the female seahorse was shown in front.	20
4.3	Numbers of greetings occurred daily in the three pairs of seahorses during the observation period.	23
4.4	The oval or pear-like shape of the seahorse' egg where was produced by the female seahorses.	25
4.5	Greetings (min) and numbers of eggs were produced in three pairs of seahorses on each day of observation. Lines indicated the greeting (min) occurred while the bar indicates the eggs that were produced on that particular day of observation.	26
4.6	The female seahorse displayed pointing and the male seahorse turned yellow in courtship phase 2.	28
4.7	The male was pumping where he compressed and inflated its pouch at the artificial holdfast.	28
4.8	Time (min) spent daily in phase 1 and phase 2 of courtship in first pair of seahorses in the 29 days of observation.	29
4.9	Time (min) spent daily in phase 1 and phase 2 of courtship in second pair of seahorses in the 42 days of observation.	30
4.10	Time (min) spent daily in phase 1 and phase 2 in third pair of seahorses in the 13 days of observation.	31

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

min minutes

sec seconds

cm centimeters

g grams

p probability

ANOVA analysis of variance

ppt parts per thousands

⁰C degree Celsius

% percentage

mg/L milligram per liter

SD standard deviation

SE standard error

SS sum of square

df degree of freedom

1st first

2nd second

3rd third

LIST OF APPENDICES

APPENDIX		PAGE
1	Images of the seahorses used in this study which include 5 females and 5 males.	46
2a	Student t-test (Excel) for comparing the length (cm) between males and females.	49
2b	Student t-test (Excel) for comparing the weight (g) between males and females.	50
3	Numbers of days required for the three pairs of seahorses to pair up after acclimation.	51
4a	Greeting (min) and frequency of greetings occurred daily by the three pairs of seahorses.	52
4b	Numbers of eggs produced by the three females during observation period.	53
5	Greeting (min) (after log transformation).	54
5a	ANOVA (one way) to determine whether there were differences between the three pairs of seahorses.	55
5b	Tukey test for the pair comparison of means between the three pairs of seahorses.	56
6	Time (min) spent in Courtship phase 1 to 3 of the three pairs of seahorses.	57

ABSTRACTS

The reproductive behaviour of oceanic spotted seahorses Hippocampus kuda was observed in this study. These included greeting and courtship behaviours in all the three pairs of seahorses. The three pairs of seahorses required 32 days, 27 days and 34 days for pairing respectively. The female seahorses were significantly smaller than male seahorses, with an average of 16.4±0.93cm in females and 17.3±0.85cm in males (Student t-test: t=2.48, p<0.05, df=8). The males were heavier than the females where average wet weight of males were 10.16+0.85g while females were only 7.58+0.49g (t=3.56, p<0.05, df=8). There was significant difference between the three pairs of seahorses in greeting (min) (ANOVA, p<0.05, df=83). The greeting (min) per frequency in first, second and third pairs of seahorses were 3.53min, 4.09min and 4.28min respectively in 29, 42 and 13 days of observation. The first pair of seahorses had the highest mean frequency of greetings, 15.76+7.81 times, followed by the second and third pair of seahorses, 6.83+8.39 times and 5.46+6.92 times respectively. Courtship phase 1 to phase 3 occurred while the phase 4 was absent in all the three pairs of seahorses. Phase 1 is characteristic with reciprocal quivering, phase 2 is female display pointing and male display pumping, phase 3 is both seahorses pointing. Duration for the female to prepare a new clutch of eggs was 12-13 days between the two batches of eggs that were produced in copulation attempts.

Tingkahlaku reproduktif bagi kuda laut, Hippocampus kuda dalam kurungan

ABSTRAK

Tingkahlaku reproduktif bagi kuda laut *Hippocampus kuda* telah diperhatikan dan dikaji. Ini termasuk 'greeting' dan tingkahlaku mengawan dalam ketiga-tiga pasangan kuda laut. Ketiga-tiga pasangan kuda laut mengambil masa sebanyak 32 hari, 27 hari dan 34 hari untuk berpasangan. Betina adalah lebih kecil daripada jantan di mana mereka bersaiz 16.4+0.93cm dan 17.3+0.85cm secara signifikan masing-masing (Student t-test: t=2.48, p<0.05, df=8). Jantan adalah lebih berat daripada betina di mana jantan 10.16+0.85g dan betina 7.58+0.49g secara signifikant masing-masing (t=3.56, p<0.05, df=8). Pada masa berlaku 'greeting', ia didapati adalah berbeza dengan signifikan dalam ketiga-tiga pasangan kuda laut (ANOVA, p<0.05, df=83). 'Greeting' per kekerapan dalam ketigatiga pasangan kuda laut adalah 3.53min, 4.09min and 4.28min masing-masing dengan masa pemerhatian sepanjang 29, 42 and 13 hari masing-masing. Pasangan kuda laut pertama mempunyai purata kekerapan 'greeting' terbanyak iaitu, 15.76±7.81 kali dan diikuti oleh kedua dan ketiga pasangan kuda laut masing-masing dengan 6.83+8.39 kali and 5.46±6.92 kali. Pengawanan berlaku dalam fasa 1 hingga fasa 3 manakala fasa 4 tidak berlaku kepada ketiga-tiga pasangan kuda laut. Fasa 1 adalah berciri bergentaran bersama kedua-dua kuda laut, fase 2 ialah betina menunjuk dan jantan melakukan pengecutan di bahagian perut, fasa 3 ialah kedua-dua kuda laut menunjuk. Tempoh masa untuk betina menyediakan kelompok telur yang baru adalah 12-13 hari.