

Peroustokaan 1100034649^{el Universiti} Sains Dan Teknologi Malaysia (KuSTEL)





1100034649

Distribution of macrobenthos and meiohobenthos of coastal water of Terengganu and Pahang / Sugana Appalasamy.

PERFUSTAKAAN KOLEJ UNIVERSITI SAINS & TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA 21030 KUALA TERENGGANU		
1100034649		
		Lihat sebelah

and the state of t
HAK MILIK
050000
PCHPUSTAKAAAI KUCTUVA
PERPUSTAKAAN KUSTEM

DISTRIBUTION OF MACROBENTHOS AND MEIOBENTHOS OF COASTAL WATERS OF TERENGGANU AND PAHANG

BY SUGANA D/O APPALASAMY

Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Bachelor of Science

Department of Marine sciences Faculty of Science and Technology Kolej University Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia

1100034649

This Project report should be cited as:

Appalasamy, S. 2005. Study on Distribution Of Macrobenthos And Meiobenthos Of Coastal Waters Of Terengganu And Pahang.Undergraduate thesis, Bachelor of Science in Marine Biology, Faculty of Science and Technology, Kolej Universiti Sains Dan Teknologi Malaysia, Terengganu.

No part of this project report may be reproduced by any mechanical, photographic, or electronic process, or in the form of phonographic recording, nor may it be stored in a retrieval system, transmitted, or otherwise copied for public or private use, without written permission from the author and supervisor of the project.



JABATAN SAINS SAMUDERA FAKULTI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI KOLEJ UNIVERSITI SAINS DAN TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA

PENGAKUAN DAN PENGESAHAN LAPORAN PROJEK PENYELIDIKAN I DAN II

Adalah ini diakui dan disahkan bahawa laporan penyelidikan bertajuk:

Taburan makrobentos dan meiobentos di perairan Terengganu dan Pahang oleh Sugana a/p Appalasamy, nombor matrik UK7410 telah diperiksa dan semua pembetulan yang disarankan telah dilakukan. Laporan ini dikemukakan kepada Jabatan Sains Samudera sebagai memenuhi sebahagian daripada keperluan memperolehi Ijazah Sarjana Muda

Biologi Marin Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi, Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi

Malaysia.

Disahkan oleh:

Penyelia\utama Nama: Dr.Zaleha binti Kassim Cop Rasmi:

Dr. Zaleha Binti Kassim Pensyarah Jabaten Sains Samudera Fakulti Sains dan Teknologi Kolej Universiti Sains dan Teknologi Malaysia 21030 Kuala Terengganu.

Tarikh: 21.02.2005

Penyelia Kedua (jika ada) Nama: Cop Rasmi:

Ketua Jabatan Sains Samudera Nama: Cop Rasmi: Tarikh:

Tarikh: 23/3/05

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First and foremost, I would like to express my sincere appreciation and gratitude to Dr.Zaleha Kassim as my Supervisor, for her kind comments, guidance, encouragement and help throughout this project. Her continuous support, group discussion and advice were responsible in bringing this thesis to a successful conclusion.

I would like to express my gratefulness to Prof.Madya Liew Hock chark, who have guide and helped me a lot while doing analysis on collected data and Dr.Antonina for her kind moral support to finish this project. I would also like to give my special thanks to all the laboratory assistants for their helpful hand and guidance during my laboratory works.

I am very grateful to my family for their love and support during my education years. Especially my lovely parents, who have bring me to all of this wonderful life. My thanks also to my course mates and best friends like Borah, Cheryl, Vijay, Siew leng, Roswati and Sham who have help me directly or indirectly. Last of all, I would like to extend again my sincere appreciation and gratitude to all those who have helped me in accomplishing this project.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

ŧ

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	I
TABLE OF CONTENTS	II
LIST OF FIGURES	IV
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	VI
LIST OF APPENDICES	VII
ABSTRACT	VIII
1) CHAPTER 1	1
1) Introduction	1
1.1 Benthos	1
1.2 Roles of benthos	4
1.3 Feeding strategies	5
1.4 South China Sea and Monsoon season	7
1.5 Objective	8
2) CHAPTER 2	9
2) LITERATURE REVIEW	9
2.1 Distribution of benthos	9
2.2 Factors influencing distribution of benthos	11
2.3 Impacts of monsoon season	15
2.4 Status of benthos study	17
2.5 Conclusion	18
3) CHAPER 3	19
3) MATERIALS AND METHODS	19
3.1 Study site	19
3.2 Field sampling	21
3.3 Samples processing	22
3.3.1 Extraction from sediment	22
3.3.2 Sorting and identification	22
3.4 Data analysis	23
4) Chapter 4	25
4) Results	25
4.1 Terengganu coast	25
4.1.1 Species composition during pre monsoon	29
4.1.2 Species composition during post monsoon	31
4.1.3 Density of benthos during pre monsoon	33
4.1.4 Density of benthos during pre monsoon	35
4.1.5 Classification of benthos	37

4.2 Pahang coast		40
	4.2.1 Species composition during pre monsoon	44
	4.2.2 Species composition during post monsoon	46
	4.2.3 Density of benthos during pre monsoon	48
	4.2.4 Density of benthos during pre monsoon	50
	4.2.5 Classification of benthos	52
	4.2.6 Additional station in Pahang coast	55
CHAPTER 5		58
5) Discussion		58
CHAPTER 6		62
6) Conclusion		62
References		63
Appendix		68
Curriculum vi	tae	

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE NO.	TITLE	PAGE
1.1	Benthic community in Marine environment	3
3.1	Map of study site in Terengganu and Pahang	20
3.2	Smith-McIntyre grab sampler	21
4.1	Indexes for macrobenthos of Terengganu during	
	Pre monsoon.	27
4.2	Indexes for meiobenthos of Terengganu during	
	Pre monsoon.	27
4.3	Indexes for macrobenthos of Terengganu during	
	Post monsoon.	28
4.4	Indexes for macrobenthos of Terengganu during	
	Post monsoon	28
4.5	Species composition of macrobenthos during	
	Pre monsoon of Terengganu area	30
4.6	Species composition of meiobenthos during	•
	Pre monsoon of Terengganu area	30
4.7	Species composition of macrobenthos during	
	Post monsoon of Terengganu area	31
4.8	Species composition of meiobenthos during	
	Post monsoon of Terengganu area	31
4.9.	Mean density of macrobenthos during pre monsoon	
4.10	(Terengganu)	34
4.10	Mean density of meiobenthos during pre monsoon	24
4.1.1	(Terengganu)	34
4.11	Mean density of macrobenthos during post monsoon	26
4.10	(Terengganu)	36
4.12	Mean density of meiobenthos during post monsoon	26
4.12	(Terengganu)	36
4.13	Density of major families of macrobenthic Polychaeta	20
4 1 4	in Terengganu coast.	39
4.14	Density of major families of meiobenthic Polychaeta	20
4 15	in Terengganu coast.	39
4.15	Indexes for macrobenthos of Pahang during pre monsoon	
4.16	Indexes for meiobenthos of Pahang during pre monsoon	42
4.17	Indexes for macrobenthos of Pahang during post monsoo	
4.18 4.19	Indexes for meiobenthos of Pahang during post monsoon	43
4.17	Species composition of macrobenthos during Pre monsoon of Pahang area	45
4 20	6	43
4.20	Species composition of meiobenthos during	45
4.21	Pre monsoon of Pahang area	43
4.21	Species composition of macrobenthos during Post monsoon of Pahang area	47
	IV	- 1 /
	1 7	

4.22	Species composition of meiobenthos during	
	Post monsoon of Pahang area	47
4.23	Mean density of macrobenthos	
	During pre monsoon (Pahang area)	49
4.24	Mean density of meiobenthos	
	During pre monsoon (Pahang area)	49
4.25	Mean density of macrobenthos	
	During post monsoon (Pahang area)	51
4.26	Mean density of meiobenthos	
	During post monsoon (Pahang area)	51
4.27	Density of major families of macrobenthic Polychaeta	
	in Pahang coast.	53
4.28	Density of major families of meiobenthic Polychaeta	
	in Pahang coast.	53
4.29	Density of major families of macrobenthic Polychaeta	
	in Pahang coast.	54
4.30	Density of major families of meiobenthic Polychaeta	
	in Pahang coast.	54
4.31	Density of macrobenthos during premonsoon	56
4.32	Density of meiobenthos during premonsoon	56
4.33	Density of macrobenthos during Postmonsoon.	57
4.34	Density of meiobenthos during post monsoon	57

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

Ave.	Average
Cm	centimeter
°N	Degree North
°E	Degree East
e.g	Example
Fig. m ²	Figure
m ²	Meter Square
%	Percentage
Sp.	Species
S.D.	Standard deviation
Sg. Ind/m ²	Sungai
Ind/m ²	Individual per Meter Square

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix No	. Title	Page
1.	Location of the stations at the study site	
	(Terengganu and Pahang)	68
2.	Total number and density of macrobenthos and	
	meiobenthos in Terengganu Coast.	70
3.	Mean Density of macrobenthos and meiobenthos during	
	pre monsoon and post monsoon (Terengganu Coast)	71
4.	Mean Density of macrobenthos and meiobenthos during	
	pre monsoon and post monsoon (Pahang Coast)	73
5.	Pictures of benthic organisms (Terengganu and Pahang)	75
6.	Classification of macrobenthos and meiobenthos	
	(Terengganu Coast)	80
7.	Classification of macrobenthos and meiobenthos	
	(Pahang Coast)	86
8.	Shannon's Diversity index, Evenness Index J' and Richness Index	
	(Terengganu coast)	89
9.	Shannon's Diversity index, Evenness Index J' and Richness Index	
	(Pahang coast)	93
10.	Kruskal-Wallis Test	97
11.	Mann-Whitney Test	99

ABSTRACT

The aim of this study was to perform a survey on the distribution of macrobenthos and meiobenthos in coastal waters of Terengganu and Pahang. This research was mainly objected to determine the differences of density of benthic fauna between pre monsoon and post monsoon. Bottom sediment samples was obtained by using Smith -McIntyre grab. Highest density of benthic fauna was found in Terengganu Coast especially during pre monsoon. Nearshore areas found to support more density and diversity of benthic fauna than offshore areas. There were 16 taxa of macrobenthos and 20 taxa of meiobenthos were encountered from Terengganu Coast. In Pahang coast, there were 9 taxa of macrobenthos and 9 taxa of meiobenthos were identified. Polychaeta was the dominant group of macrobenthos in both Terengganu and Pahang Coast. Abundance taxon for meiobenthos was Nematoda in Terengganu coast while copepoda in Pahang Coast. In Terengganu coast, the highest diversity index for macrobenthic community (H'= 2.1453) was found in second station of transect four during pre monsoon while for meiobenthos, the highest diversity index (H' = 2.0138) was found in fourth station of third transect during pre monsoon. In Pahang coast, highest diversity index for macrobenthos (H'= 1.8332) was found in first station of transect six during post monsoon. Highest diversity index for meiobenthic community (H' = 1.4448) was found in second station of second transect during pre monsoon. Muddy type bottom substrate in Terengganu coast and coarse type bottom sediment in Pahang coast support high density and diversity of benthic fauna.

ABSTRAK

Kajian tentang taburan makrobentos dan meiobentos dijalankan di perairan Terengganu dan Pahang. Aspek utama yang dikaji adalah tentang taburan komuniti bentos sebelum musim monsun dan selepas musim monsun. Sampel tanah diambil dari dasar laut dengan menggunakan grab Smith-McIntyre. Densiti organisma bentik yang paling tinggi diperolehi daripada perairan Terengganu khasnya sebelum musim monsun. Densiti organisma bentik adalah tinggi di kawasan berhampiran pantai dan kurang di kawasan yang sangat jauh dari pantai. Terdapat 16 taksa bagi makrobentos dan 20 taksa bagi meiobentos dijumpai di perairan Terengganu. Di perairan Pahang, terdapat 9 taksa makrobenthos dan 9 taksa meiobentos dijumpai. Polychaeta adalah kumpulan makrobentos yang paling dominan di perairan Terengganu dan Pahang. Bagi kumpulan meiobentos, nematoda paling dominan di perairan Terengganu manakala copepoda adalah paling dominan di perairan Pahang. Di perairan Terengganu, Indeks kepelbagaian spesis yang paling tinggi bagi makrobentos (H'= 2.1453) dijumpai di stesen kedua dalam transek keempat sewaktu sebelum monsun. Bagi kumpulan meiobentos, Indeks kepelbagaian spesis yang paling tinggi (H' = 2.0138) adalah dijumpai di stesen terakhir dalam transek ketiga. Di perairan Pahang, Indeks kepelbagaian spesis yang paling tinggi bagi makrobentos (H'= 1.8332) dijumpai di stesen pertama dalam transek keenam sewaktu selepas monsun. Bagi kumpulan meiobentos, Indeks kepelbagaian spesis yang paling tinggi (H' = 1.4448) adalah dijumpai di stesen kedua dalam transek kedua. Kedua- dua jenis tanah iaitu berlumpur di perairan Terengganu dan bertanah kasar di perairan Pahang menjadi habitat bagi pelbagai jenis organisma bentik.