

**TIDAL CURRENTS IN THE COASTAL WATERS OFF TERENGGANU**

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**Thesis Submitted in Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Degree of Master of  
Science in the Institute of Oceanography**

**Universiti Malaysia Terengganu**

**December 2014**

## **DEDICATION**

*To My Father, Mohd. Fadzil Hussin*

*To My Mother, Khabsah Jafri*

*To My Wife, Fatimah Noor Harun*

*To My Son, Firas Kameel Fathy Kameel*

*And To All My Family members*

*Thank You for All The Support*

## **ABSTRACT**

Abstract of thesis presented to the Senate of Universiti Malaysia Terengganu in fulfillment of requirements for the degree of Master of Science

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**Faculty : Institute of Oceanography and Environment**

In this research, the ocean current data measured in Merang water, Terengganu was studied. Acoustic Wave and Current Profiler also known as AWAC was deployed in the research area from August 2008 to August 2009 to collect the ocean current data. Accordingly, the data were measured in 1 hour time interval during 7 months of data collection. With respect to the measured data, the focus of this research are to investigate the tidal variations and tidal current in Merang water and to determine the dynamics of tidal current circulation and the influence of seasonal changes in Merang water.

The results found that the area has a tidal response; mixed type dominated by diurnal and semidiurnal. Moreover, the ellipse analysis is conducted to determine the highest current velocity in the constituents, and the results found that  $K_1$  has a velocity faster than  $M_2$  according to the ellipse diagram. Furthermore, the result from semi-major and semi-minor axis  $K_1$  also showed that it was higher than  $M_2$  in the study area.

In addition, the result from the progressive vector diagram has presented the water circulation system in this area and showed the current was travelling towards southwest during northeast monsoon and towards the northeast during southwest monsoon. Besides, the statistical analysis was also applied to determine the net drift for the area. The mean velocity component ranges from 0.01 to 0.05 (m/s) for  $u$ -component and 0.001 to 0.03 (m/s) for  $v$ -component, showing the net drift to certain directions during each period. In the meantime, the standard deviation values range from 0.11 to 0.14 (m/s) for  $u$ -component and 0.07 to 0.10 (m/s) for  $v$ -component. Finally, the observation period revealed that the current's direction was dominated by south-easterly.

## **ABSTRAK**

Abstrak tesis yang dikemukakan kepada senat Universiti Malaysia Terengganu (UMT) sebagai memenuhi keperluan untuk Ijazah Sarjana Sains

### **ARUS PASANG SURUT DI KAWASAN PERAIRAN TERENGGANU**

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**Disember 2014**

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Kajian ini dijalankan terhadap data arus laut yang dicerap di kawasan perairan Merang, Terengganu. Cerapan ini dilakukan dengan menggunakan alat gelombang akustik dan profil arus (AWAC) dari bulan Ogos 2008 sehingga Ogos 2009. Data dicerap dengan selang masa satu jam dan cerapan dapat dilakukan bagi tempoh tujuh bulan. Melalui data yang diperolehi, fokus kajian ini ialah untuk menentukan variasi pasang surut dan arus pasang surut di perairan Merang dan menentukan keadaan dinamik corak peredaran arus pasang surut serta pengaruh perubahan musim terhadapnya.

Hasil analisis mendapati, bahawa pasang surut didominasi oleh percampuran antara diurnal dan semidiurnal. Seterusnya analisis elips dalam menentukan jujuk paling laju dalam kelajuan arus menunjukkan  $K_1$  lebih laju berbanding  $M_2$ . Ini juga disokong oleh keputusan dari paksi separa utama dan paksi separa kecil menunjukkan  $K_1$  juga mempunyai nilai yang lebih besar berbanding  $M_2$ .

Sistem peredaran arus laut di kawasan kajian juga menunjukkan arus bergerak arah barat daya semasa monsun timur laut dan arah timur semasa monsun barat daya. Selain itu, analisis statistik turut digunakan untuk menentukan hanyutan bersih bagi kawasan ini. Purata nilai hanyutan bersih pada komponen-komponen halaju ialah 0.01-0.05 (m/s) untuk komponen  $u$  dan 0.001-0.03 (m/s) untuk komponen  $v$ . Dalam pada itu, nilai sisihan piawai yang diperolehi adalah di antara 0.11-0.14 (m/s) untuk komponen  $u$  dan 0.07 hingga 0.10 (m/s) untuk komponen  $v$ . Akhirnya, didapati peredaran arah arus didominasi ke arah tenggara.