IDENTIFICATION OF <u>TENUALOSA</u> SP. IN PERAK RIVER USING MORPHOMETRIC MEASUREMENT, MERISTIC COUNT & COI GENE ANALYSIS

MUHAMMAD FAIZ BIN ZAKARIA

SCHOOL OF MARINE SCIENCE & ENVIRONMENT UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

LP 16 PPSMS 1 2014 2014



LP 16 PPSMS 1 2014



1100093364
Identification of tenualosa SP. in Perak Riever using morphometric measurement, meristic count and coi gene analysis / by Muhammad Faiz Zakaria.

PUSAT PEMBELAJARAN DIGITAL SULTANAH NUR ZAHIRAH UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU (UMT) 21030 KUALA TERENGGANU

21030 KUALA TERENGGANU			
1	10009336	4	
	•		
8			

Līhat Sebelah

HAK MILIK Pusat pembelajaran disital sultanah nur zahirah



SCHOOL OF MARINE SCIENCE AND ENVIRONMENT UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

DECLARATION AND VERIFICATION REPORT FINAL YEAR RESEARCH PROJECT

It is hereby declared and verified that this research report entitled Identification of *Tenualosa* sp. In Perak River Using Morphometric Measurement, Meristic Count and CO1 Gene Analysis by Muhammad Faiz Bin Zakaria, Matric No. UK26052 have been examined and all errors identified have been corrected. This report is submitted to the School of Marine Science and Environment as partial fulfillment towards obtaining the Degree of Science (Marine Biology), School of Marine Science and Environment, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu.

Verified by:	dema m	
First Supervis	or	
Name:	DR. NUR ASMA ARIFFIN Lecturer	1-1
Official stamp	School of Fisheries and Aquaculture Sciences Universiti Malaysia Terengganu 21030 Kuala Terengganu.	Date: 3/8/2014
Verified by:		

First Supervis	or	
Name:		
Official stamp	o:	Date:

IDENTIFICATION OF *Tenualosa* sp. IN PERAK RIVER USING MORPHOMETRIC MEASUREMENT, MERISTIC COUNT AND CO1 GENE ANALYSIS.

By

Muhammad Faiz Bin Zakaria

Research Report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Science (Marine Biology)

School of Marine Science and Environment
UNIVERSITI MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

Faiz, M. Z. 2014. Identification of *Tenualosa* sp. In Perak River Using Morphometric Measurement, Meristic Count and CO1 Gene Analysis. Undergraduate thesis, Bachelor of Science in Marine Biology, School of Marine Science and Environment, Universiti Malaysia Terengganu, Terengganu, 59p.

No part of this project report may be reproduced by any mechanical, photographic, or electronic process, or in the form of phonographic recording, nor may it be stored in a retrieval system, transmitted, or otherwise copied for public or private use, without written permission from the author and the supervisor(s) of the project.

LP 16 PPSMS

1100093364

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

I would like to express the deepest appreciation to my first and second supervisor, Dr Nur Asma Bt Ariffin and Dr. Kesaven A/L Bhubalan, who have the attitude and the substance of a genius: both of you continually and convincingly conveyed a spirit of adventure in regard to this study, and also and excitement in regard to teaching me as well as to lend your hand when I got some problem with my final research project. Without your guidance and persistent help this would not have been possible. I also would like to thank to all master student which are Miss Rohaini, Mr. Abdul Hadi, Miss Aifa Wahyu, Miss Syazwani and Mr. Azran whose work demonstrated to me in the laboratories. On the other hand, I also would like to give a special thanks to Mr. Idham that give me a permission to finish all my laboratories work and use the chemical reagent in Biosystem Laboratories, School of Fisheries Science and Aquaculture. As I have lack of basic in biotechnology before and there are few challenged that I faced to complete this thesis, I represent this thesis as a symbol of determining due to FYP teach me how to gain more knowledge and how to work hard and top solve the problem that I faced. I learned that applied biotechnologies in marine creature are incredible as we gain more knowledge from more research that we have done. Yes, during the progress to achieve our goal is difficult, but there is no short cut to achievement.

TABLES OF CONTENTS

	Page
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS LIST OF TABLES LIST OF FIGURES LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	ii vi vii viii
LIST OF APPENDICES ABSTRACT	ix
ABSTRAK	x xi
CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Background of Study	į.
1.2 Problem Statement	2
1.3 Significant of Study	2
1.4 Objectives	3
CHAPTER 2: LITERATURE REVIEW 2.1 Tenualosa spp. 2.1.1 Taxonomy Identification	4 6
2.1.2 Diagnostic Features	6
2.1.3 Biology, Habitat and Distribution	7
2.1.4 Feeding	7
2.1.5 Reproductive	7
2.2 Morphometric measurement and Meristic Count	8
2.3 DNA Barcoding	8
2.4 CO1 Gene Analysis	8
2.5 Previous Study	9

CHAPTER 3: METHODOLOGY	
3.1 Research Flow Chart	11
3.2 Materials	12
3.3 Sample Collections	13
3.4 Morphometric Measurement and Meristic Count	
3.4.1 Defrosting	14
3.4.2 Tagging	14
3.4.3 Measurement and Counting	15
3.5 CO1 Gene Analysis	
3.5.1 DNA Extraction and Isolation	17
3.5.2 DNA Quantification	18
3.5.3 Agarose Gel Electrophoresis	18
3.5.4 PCR Amplification	19
3.5.5 DNA Purification	20
3.5.6 DNA Sequencing	21
3.6 Data Analysis	21
CHAPTER 4: RESULT 4.1 Morphometric Measurement and Meristic Count	22
1.1 Worphometric Wedsdreinen und Weristie Count	22
4.2 CO1 Gene Analysis	
4.2.1 DNA Extraction	26
4.2.2 PCR Amplification	28
4.2.3 PCR Purification	29
4.2.4 Sequence Analysis	30
CHAPTER 5: DISCUSSION	
5.1 Morphometric Measurement and Meristic Count	31
5.2 CO1 Gene Analysis	33
CHAPTER 6: CONCLUSION	35
REFERENCES	36
APPENDICES	39
CURRICHI IMAVITAE	43

LIST OF TABLES

Table	*	Page
2.1	Table 2.1. Scientific name, origin their scientific	4
	characteristic for all <i>Tenualosa</i> spp.	
2.5	Some of the previous studied of <i>Tenualosa</i> spp. that has been done.	9
3.4.3	Acronym of the morphometric measurement and meristic counts of <i>Tenualosa</i> spp. used in this study.	15
4.1.1	Range, mean and standard deviation of morphometric measurement of <i>Tenualosa</i> spp. sample.	24
4.1.2	Meristic counts of <i>Tenualosa</i> spp. sample	25
4.2.1	DNA concentration and DNA purity of five samples.	26

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure		Page
2.1	Five species of <i>Tenualosa</i> spp.	5
3.1	Flowchart of study	11
3.3	Sampling area of <i>Tenualosa</i> spp.	13
3.4.3.a	Morphometric measurement for distinguish species.	16
3.4.3.b	Meristic count for distinguish species.	16
4.1	Percentage of morphometric measurement times standard length of <i>Tenualosa</i> spp.	22
4.2.1	DNA profile using 1% agarose gel electrophoresis.	27
4.2.2	PCR profile using 1.5% agarose gel electrophoresis.	28
4.2.3	Purification profile using 1.5% agarose gel electrophoresis.	29
4.2.4.1	Maximum Likelihood Tree of CO1 sequence.	30
4.2.4.2	Neighbour Joining Tree of partial CO1 sequence.	30

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

mm - millimetre

cm centimetre

PCR - Polymerase Chain Reaction

DNA - Deoxyribonucleic acid

rDNA - ribosomal Deoxyribonucleic acid

RNA - Ribonucleic acid

dNTP - Deoxyribonucleic triphosphate

MgCL₂ - Magnesium chloride

g gram

mg milligram

ml - millilitre

μl microliter

rpm revolutions per minute

g - gravity

h - hour

m - minute

s - second

V - Volt

LIST OF APPENDICES

Appendix		Page
Î	Morphometric measurement for the sample caught in December 2013.	39
2	Morphometric measurement for the sample caught in February 2014 (TP 14/01 – TP 14/10).	39
3	Morphometric measurement for the sample caught in February 2014 (TP 14/11 – TP 14/21).	40
4	Meristic counts for the sample caught in December 2013.	40
5	Meristic counts for the sample caught in February 2014 (TP 14/01 – TP 14/10).	41
6	Meristic counts for the sample caught in February 2014 (TP 14/10 – TP 14/21).	41
7	Best Fit Model	42

ABSTRACT

Tenualosa toli and Tenualosa macrura can be found in Sarawak water and have higher commercial value in Malaysia (Blaber et al., 1996; Phillip, 2001). According to Perikanan (2012), Tenualosa sp. also can be found in Perak River, but the species of this genus still unidentified. All samples were collected using net in December 2013 and February 2014 and the species was identified based on distinguished character of morphological and meristic count. DNA was extracted from five sample of Tenualosa sp. PCR amplification of 600 bp partial fragment of CO1 gene was amplified using CO1 marker. This PCR fragment was then sequenced and analysed using Mega version 5. The result from BLAST showed that there are the sequences have high similarity with CO1 gene. The phylogenetic analysis was constructed using Neighbour Joining tree and Maximum Likelihood tree.

PENGENALPASTIAN SPESIS *Tenualosa* sp. DI SUNGAI PERAK MENGGUNAKAN PENGIRAAN MORPOMETRIK,

PENGIRAAN MERISTIK DAN ANALISIS

TERHADAP GEN CO1.

ABSTRAK

Tenualosa toli dan Tenualosa macrura boleh dijumpai di Sungai Sarawak dan mempunyai nilai komersil yang tinggi di Malaysia (Blaber et al., 1996; Phillip, 2001) Semua sample telah ditangkap menggunakan jaring pada Desember 2013 dan Ferbuari 2014 dan spesis telah dikenalpasti berdasarkan ciri-ciri perbezaan terhadap ciri-ciri morfologi dan meristik. DNA telah diekstrak daripada lima sampel spesis Tenualosa. 600 bp jujuran separuh amplikasi PCR daripada gen CO1 telah diamplikasi. Urutan dan analisis ujuran PCR ini kemudian dianalisi menggunakan Mega versi 5. Keputusan daripada BLAST menunjukkan terdapat urutan yang mengandungi tahap persamaan yang tinggi dengan gen CO1. Analisi phylogenetik telah dilakukan menggunakan Neighbour Joining tree dan Maximum Likelihood tree.