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PARASITIC CRUSTACEANS FROM DIFFERENT SPECIES OF MARINE
FISHES IN COASTAL WATERS OF KUALA TERENGGANU

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of Bachelor of Applied Science (Fisheries Science)

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LIST OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	ii
ABSTRACT	iii
ABSTRAK	iv
LIST OF TABLES	v
LIST OF FIGURES	vi
LIST OF SYMBOLS	vii
LIST OF APPENDICES	viii
 CHAPTER	
1.0 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Objectives	2
2.0 LITERATURE REVIEW	
2.1 Crustacean	3
2.1.1 Copepod parasite	4
2.1.2 Isopod parasite	6
2.2 Classification of crustacean parasites	6
3.0 METHODOLOGY	
3.1 Experimental location	9
3.2 Experimental animal	9
3.3 Method of inspection and diagnosis	10
3.3.1 Gross observation	10
3.3.2 Fish dissection	10
3.3.3 Fixation and preservation	10
3.3.4 Mounting	10
3.3.5 Photomicrograph and illustration of crustacean parasite	11
3.3.6 Identification of crustacean parasite	11
3.3.7 Estimation of numbers of parasite	11
4.0 RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	12
5.0 CONCLUSION	26
REFERENCES	28
APPENDICES	31
CURRICULUM VITAE	40

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ABSTRACT

50 marine fish from four different species were diagnosed where two of each species represent a different habitat; demersal and pelagic. Out of four species, three of them were infected by crustacean parasites and these fish are *Lutjanus lineolatus*, *Nemipterus* sp., *Rastrelliger* sp., while *Sardinella* sp. was free from the infection of crustacean parasites. The prevalence and mean intensity of crustacean parasites in *L. lineolatus* was 22% and 1.64, in *Nemipterus* sp., 22% and 1.18, in *Rastrelliger* sp., 20% and 0.22. Crustacean parasite; *Clavella* sp. Oken, 1816 (Copepoda, Lernaepodidae) parasitic on marine demersal fish, *L. lineolatus* from the coastal waters of Kuala Terengganu are described and illustrated in this present study.

ABSTRAK

50 ekor ikan marin daripada empat spesis didiagnosa dimana dua daripada empat spesis tersebut mewakili habitat yang berlainan iaitu demersal dan pelagic. Daripada empat spesis tersebut, tiga daripadanya dijangkiti oleh parasit krustasia iaitu ikan *Lutjanus lineolatus*, *Nemipterus* sp., *Rastrelliger* sp., sementara *Sardinella* sp. bebas daripada jangkitan parasit krustasia. Prevalen dan min keamatan parasit krustasia pada *L. lineolatus* adalah 22% dan 1.64, pada *Nemipterus* sp., 22% dan 1.18, pada *Rastrelliger* sp., 20% and 0.22. Parasit krustasia; *Clavella* sp. Oken, 1816 (Copepoda, Lernaepodidae) yang merupakan parasit pada ikan marin demersal, *L. lineolatus* dari perairan Kuala Terengganu dihuraikan dalam kajian ini.