A STUDY ON THE ROOT SYSTEM OF Avicennia marina, Avicennia of ficinalis AND Sonneratia alba

CHIEW CHOON SEAN

FAGULTY OF APPLIED SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA TERENGGANU TERENGGANU

2000

UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

1100024198



01820

LP 2 FS	GT 2 2000	

1100024198 a Study on the root system of Avicennia marina, Avicennia officinalis and Sonneratia alba / Chiew Choon Sean.

		RENGGANU	
	10002	4190	
And the second			
			*

17 . 14

HAK MILIK PERPUSTAKAAN KUST

A STUDY ON THE ROOT SYSTEM OF Avicennia marina, Avicennia officinalis AND Sonneratia alba

By

CHIEW CHOON SEAN

This project report is submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the Degree of Bachelor of Marine Science

Faculty of Applied Science and Technology UNIVERSITY PUTRA MALAYSIA TERENGGANU

2000

1100024198

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

First of all, I would like to thank my first supervisor, Dr Lokman Husain who gave me the chance to learn from him. I really appreciate his patience, unstinted help, guidance and understanding during this final year project. He was always willing to help, suggest, advice, and lend me many references to widen my knowledge in this study even though he was always busy. I would also like to thank my second supervisor, Encik Sulong Ibrahim who is always willing to share his wide experience with me.

The Mangroves Research Unit (MARU) UPMT, made available to me their facilities and laboratory to run my project. MARU staffs, Encik Razali Salam, Encik Raja, Encik Habir and Encik Harith also help me a lot during my field work. Special thanks to Encik Razali Salam who was given me some comments, and willingness to share his expertise and his experience during this study.

I would like to extend my sincere gratitude to my beloved family. They always supported and respected me in every aspect. Specifically, I would like to express my appreciation to my dearest parents and grandmother who really gave me fully support. Their understanding allowed me to concentrate on this study especially during the holidays when I had devote the time to running my project instead of accompanying them.

ii

Lastly, I would like to thank all my course mate and friends at UPMT especially : Shian Yen, Roslindawati, Yew Seng, Kok Wei, Yoke Wai and other buddies who helped me during this study. Thanks for all your kindness and patience to give me a hand.

Thanks for everything.

THANK YOU VERY MUCH !

ABSTRACT

A comparative study on the pneumatophore density and soil characteristics for *Avicennia marina* and *Sonneratia alba* were conducted at Pulau Sekeping, Kemaman, Terengganu. Another study on the root system of *Avicennia officinalis* and *Sonneratia alba* was conducted at Tanjung Piai, Johore. One way ANOVA statistical test indicated that there are no significant differences in pneumatophore density index between *Avicennia marina* and *Sonneratia alba*. Higher pneumatophore density index is recorded towards the sea. There was a significant increase in pneumatophore height from landward to seaward. The average shear strength of sediment at the root area was 5.72 kPa and tend to increase with depth. Shear strength on the surface layer are the lowest in all samples while the highest soil strength are between 15 cm to 25 cm depth layers. The surface sediment of Pulau Sekeping was dominated by coarse sediment with average mean grain size of 4.93 phi (coarse silt). Standard deviation, skewness and kurtosis were 2.01 phi (poorly sorted), 0.28 (positive skewness), 2.25 phi (very leptokurtic) respectively.

ABSTRAK

Satu kajian perbandingan ke atas kepadatan pneumatofor dan kriteria enapan untuk pokok Avicennia marina dan Sonneratia alba dijalankan di Pulau Sekeping, Kemaman, Terengganu. Kajian lain berkenaan dengan sistem akar pokok Avicennia officinalis dan Sonneratia alba dilakukan di Tanjung Piai, Johor. Ujian ANOVA sehala menunjukkan tiada perbezaan bermakna bagi indeks kepadatan pneumatofor di antara pokok Avicennia marina dan Sonneratia alba. Indeks kepadatan pneumatofor semakin meningkat ke arah laut. Terdapat peningkatan yang signifikan pada ketinggian pneumatofor ke arah laut. Purata kekuatan ricih untuk enapan di zon akar adalah 5.72 kPa secara keseluruhannya, dan cenderung untuk meningkat dengan kedalaman. Kekuatan ricih di permukaan adalah paling rendah manakala kekuatan ricih yang paling tinggi adalah pada lapisan kedalaman di antara 15 hingga 25 cm. Enapan permukaan bagi Pulau Sekeping dilitupi oleh enapan kasar dengan saiz putara 4.93 phi (kelodak kasar). Penyisihan, kepencongan dan kurtosis masing-masing adalah 2.01 phi (sisihan sangat tidak sempuran), 0.28 (kepencongan positif) dan 2.25 phi (sangat leptokurtik).